# Dermestes (Coleoptera: Dermestidae) on a human corpse: a case study from Lower Silesia, Poland

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#### Introduction

Dermestes sp., which are secondary necrophages, are typically found on corpses during the later stages of decomposition[1]. Although forensic entomology in Poland is continuously developing, more information is needed regarding the presence of Dermestes on human cadavers. The data on distribution of Dermestes (s. str.) haemorrhoidalis in Poland is currently incomplete, with only few reported locations according to published faunistic and forensic data[2].

This poster presents observations of Dermestes sp. and other insects coexisting with them on a human corpse discovered in an open garden shed in Wroclaw, the capital of the Lower Silesian Voivodeship.



Fig. 1. Photograph of the place where the remains were found



Fig. 2. Moult of *Dermestes* sp.

Family/Order

Fanniidae

Calliphoridae

Heleomyzidae

Formicidae

Lepismatidae

Tineidae

Lepidoptera

### Location

4 larvae 1 pupa 25 puparia

4 imago

20 puparia

1 imago

2 larave 1 moult

5 larvae

The remains were found in a garden shed in the Wroclaw area. The male body had undergone post-mortem transformation and extensive soft tissue loss, resulting in mummification. The cause of death could not be determined. A large number of insects and a nest of mice were also found in the remains.



Fig. 3. Dermestes sp. which have been collected from the remains The photographs were taken by Lech Borowiec. Downloaded from https://baza.biomap.pl/

## **Insects**

The tables present the results of the identification of the insect species collected from the remains. In some cases, it was not possible to identify the species, in which case the family or order is given. In addition to the specimens listed in the tables, 20 pupae and 633 puparia of Diptera were secured but not identified. Ant and Lepidoptera were most likely found by chance on the corpses due to the location of the arbor (allotment gardens).

Genus / Species

Fannia scalaris

Calliphora vicina

Unidentified

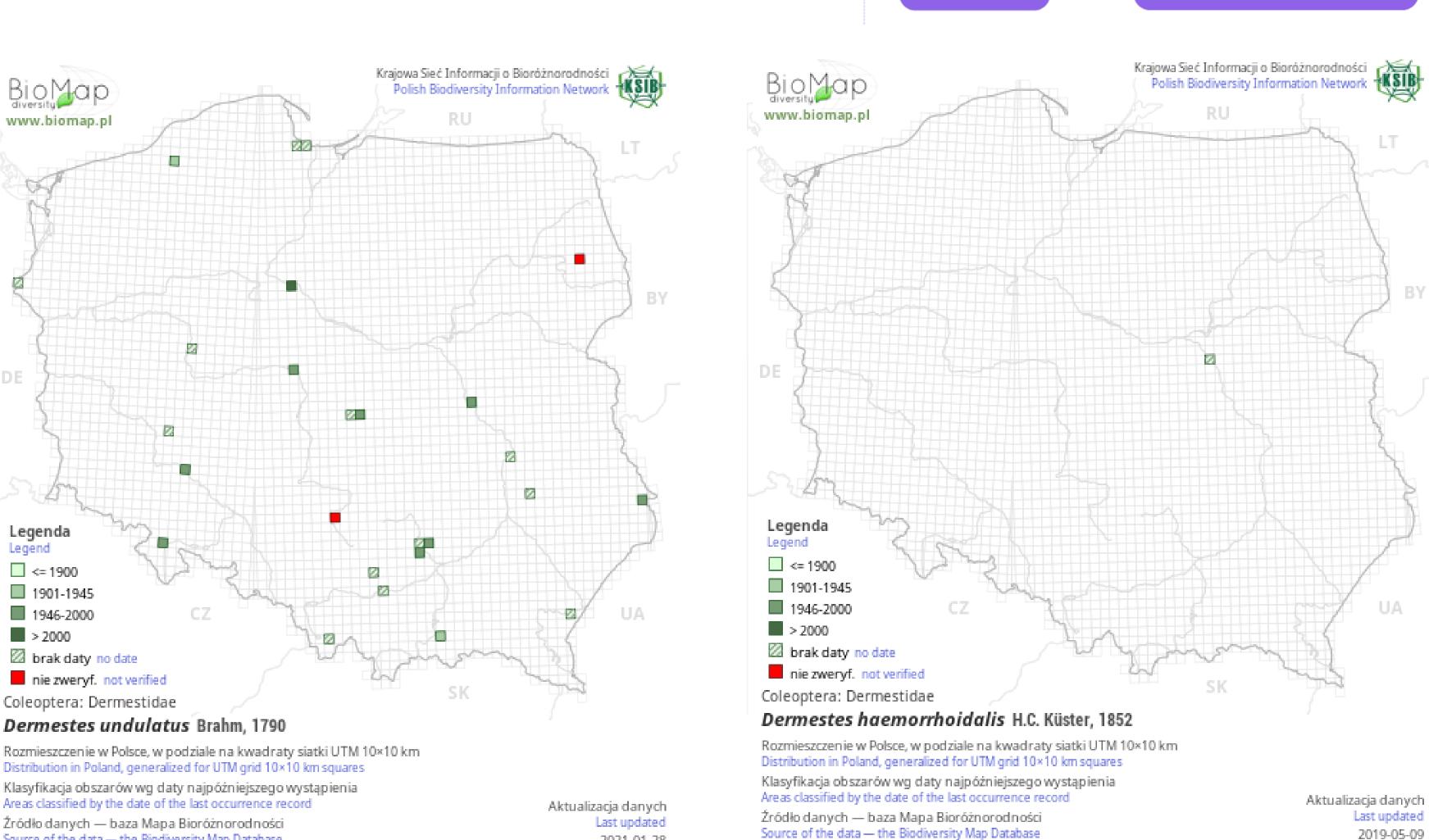
Formica rufibarbis

Lepisma saccharina

Niditinea fuscella

Unidentified





2021-01-28

Other

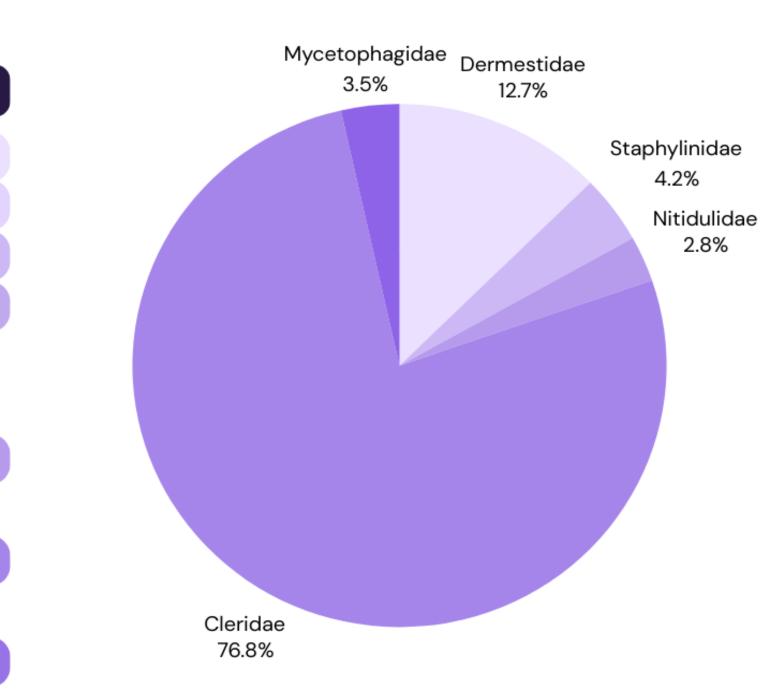


Fig. 4. Comparison of the number of imago from listed beetle families

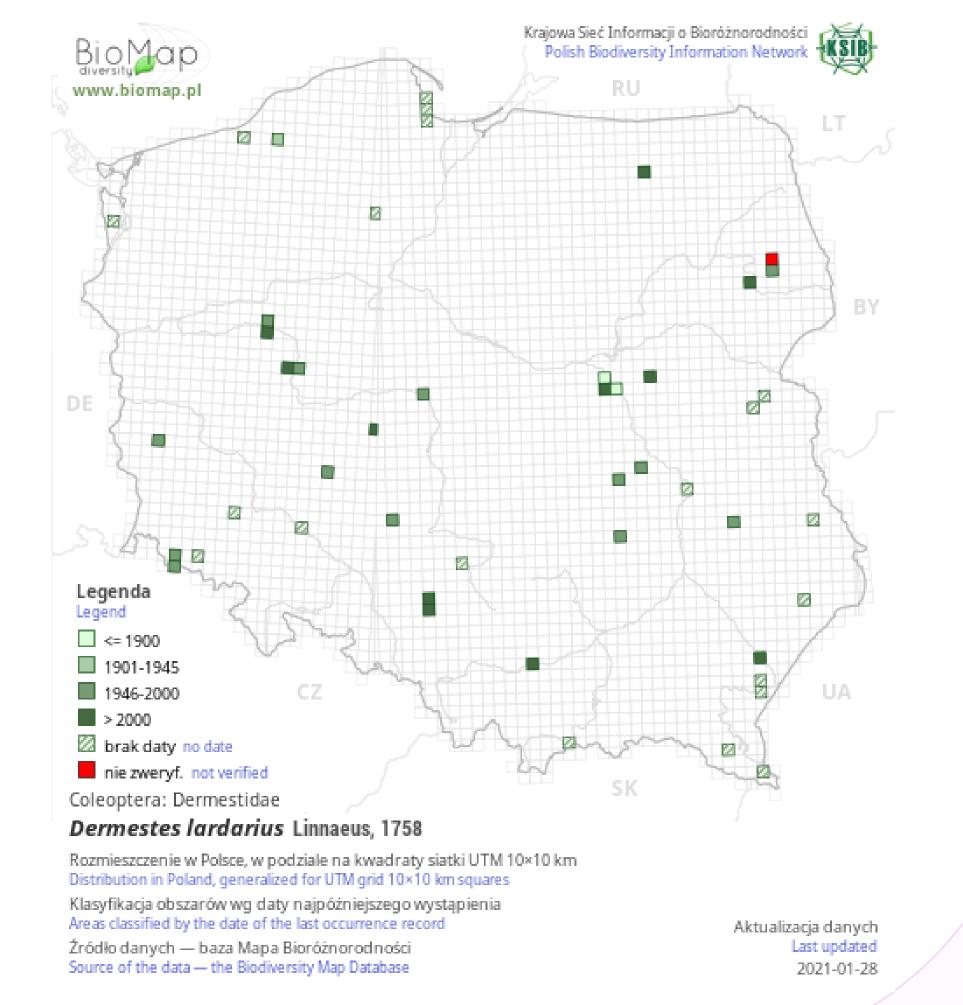


Fig. 5. Maps demonstrating the distribution of *Dermestes* species in Poland

## **Conclusions**

Legenda

1901-1945

1946-2000

brak daty no date

nie zweryf. not verified

Coleoptera: Dermestidae

Source of the data — the Biodiversity Map Database

> 2000

Legend

This is one of over a dozen cases presenting the entomofauna of cadavers from Wroclaw and the surrounding area, focusing on the diversity of Dermestes sp., yet to be published. The data collected from these cases indicate that Dermestes (s. str.) haemorrhoidalis is the common species found on dried and mummified cadavers in this region of Poland and is often the sole or dominant species of Dermestes. Due to this fact, it would be advisable to update our knowledge regarding the developmental biology of this species under indoor conditions, so that based on this data, we can potentially estimate the post-mortem interval (PMI) in the future.

#### References:

Charabidze, D.; Colard, T.; Vincent, B.; Pasquerault, T.; Hedouin, V. Involvement of larder beetles (Coleoptera: Dermestidae) on human cadavers: a review of 81 forensic cases. Int J Legal Med. 2014, 128(6):1021-30. Kadej, M.; Szleszkowski, Ł.; Thannhäuser, A.; Jurek, T. Dermestes (s. str.) haemorrhoidalis (Coleoptera: Dermestidae) - The Most Frequent Species on Mummified Human Corpses in Indoor Conditions? Three Cases from Southwestern Poland. *Insects*. 2022, 25;14(1):23.